Thinking Outside the Books...

Another Look at Career Texts and Courses

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Overview

- Background of Career Courses
- Effects of Career Courses
- Advocacy
- Choosing a Career Text
- Career Course Options
- Case Study

Background of Career Courses



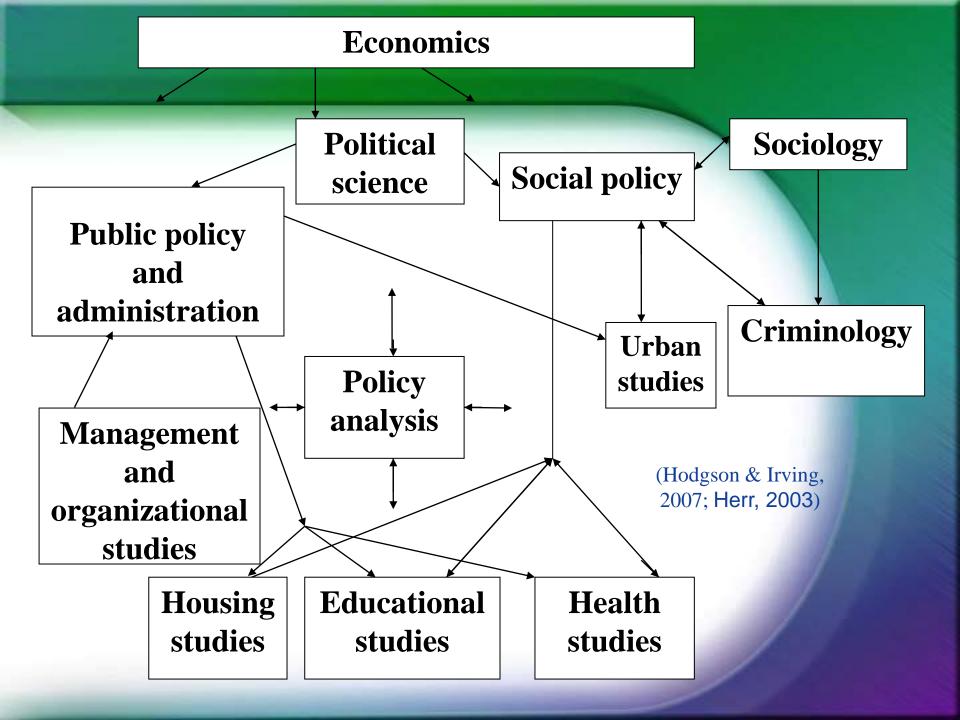
Background of Career Courses

- Gain in popularity
- Reduction of published research studies
 - 1976-1989 31
 - 1990-1999 11
 - 2000-2005 6

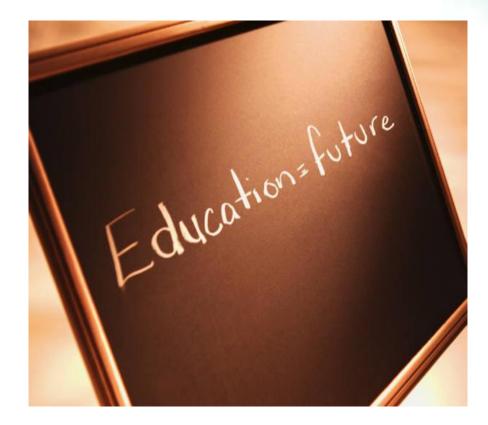
(Folsom et al., 2005)

Examination of 47 studies

Classes were more effective than most interventions
 (Whiston et al., 1998)



class size The New Global Economy Retirement "The dual agenda" GPA cutoffs **Employment security Academic** Advising OHSA WARN Immigration SOCIAL SECURITY **Overtime Housing Markets** COBRA Telecommuting **Retention rates Health Care Budget cuts** Affirmative Action (Sweet & Meiksins, 2007)



Effective career courses provide

- Opportunity to clarify goals in writing
- Individualized interpretations & feedback
- Information about risks & rewards of career fields & occupations
- Study of models/mentors who exhibit effective career behavior
- Assistance in developing support networks

"In reviewing the research literature on the effects of career courses, an understanding of the distinction between *outputs* and *outcomes* is helpful in evaluating the studies"

• Outputs:

Skills, knowledge, and attitudes acquired by participants as the result of an intervention

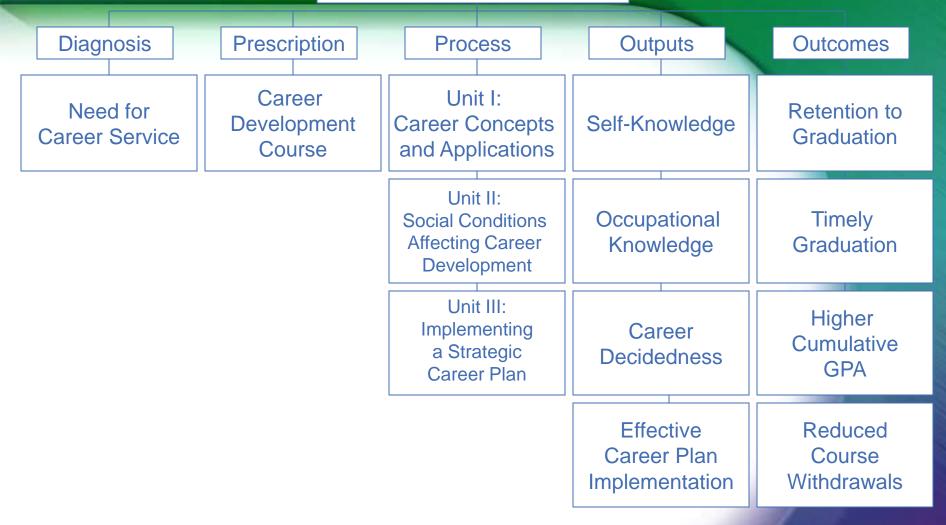
• Outcomes:

Resultant effects occurring at some later point in time

(Peterson & Burck, 1982)

Outputs Leading to Outcomes

Effectiveness of Services



(Reardon et al., 2001; Peterson & Burck, 1982)

Output Findings

40 studies (1970's to 2005)

90% (36) reported positive gain

- More positive career planning thoughts
- Increased career decidedness
- Higher vocational identity
- Internal locus-of-control
- Career maturity

10% (4) reported no changes

Outcome Findings

16 studies (1970's to 2005)

88% (14) reported positive gains

- Job satisfaction
- Job performance ratings
- Course satisfaction
- Level of personal adjustment
- Deciding on a major
- Timely graduation from college
- Cumulative GPA
- 12% (2) reported no change

(Folsom et al., 2005)

Effects of Career Courses: Accountability

- Accountability vs. Evaluation (Peterson & Burck, 1982)
- Factors to measure
 - Client satisfaction
 - Improved career decision making skills (output)
 - External indicators
 - # of jobs generated
 - # of successful transitions
 - Longitudinal studies
 - Process variables
 - # of clients served including demographic variables
 - # of assessments provided

(Synthesis Report, 2003; OECD, 2004; Magnusson et al., 2005)

Advocacy

Expanding your Advocacy

- Identify issues
- Conduct research
- Identify and contact your senators and representatives

www.house.gov or www.senate.gov

- Become part of the Legislative
 Listserv
 - Ncdaleaders-request@acrna.net
- Act locally

Taking Action

- Stay informed & communicate with peers in field
- Teach legislators
 - Attend public forums/speak publicly
 - Write
- Empower clients to be their own advocates
- Participate in professional associations

(Brown, 2006; Jennings and Mazur, 2008)

Choosing a Career Text

SECOND EDITION

NTO COLLEGE

S



Practical Guide

CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING A Comprehensive Approach

Third Edition

Robert C. Reardon, Ph.D. Janet G. Lenz, Ph.D. James P. Sampson, Jr., Ph.D. Gary W. Peterson, Ph.D.

Analysis of Career Texts

- Price
- Purpose
- Topics covered
- Theory/conceptual base
- Instructional support

Custom Publishing

- Options
 - Rebinds
 - Take chapters from various texts
 - Write a specialized book
 - Course pack of articles
 - eBook/downloadable texts
- Benefits
 - Specific to your objectives
 - Less expensive
 - Royalties

Custom Publishing

• Price

- Number printed
- Permissions cleared
- Color
- Cover
- Page count
- Time
 - 2- 3 ¹/₂ months

Career Course Options

Career Course Options

- Credit vs. No credit
- 1st year vs. Upper division
- Elective vs. Required course
- Registration open vs. Deadline
- Career counseling staff vs. Faculty
- Distance vs. Face-to-face
- Text vs. No text

(Folsom et al, 2005)

Career Course Options

Structured vs. Open-ended format

Career planning vs. Job search focus

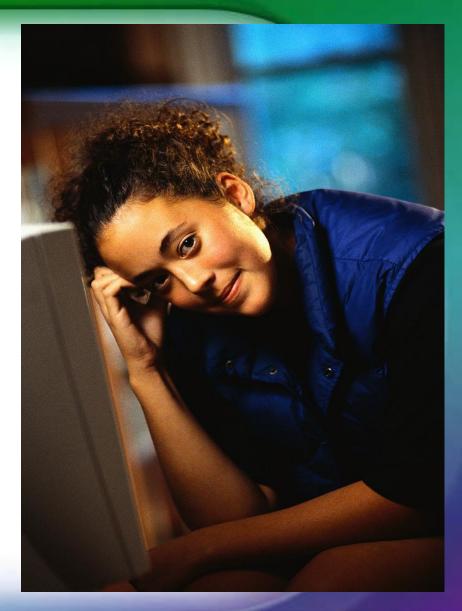
Stand-alone vs. Fully integrated format

Population specific vs. Nonspecific

Case Study

Students' Perspectives

Why are you taking this class?





- Demographics of students
- Instructional design
- Activities and assignments

Demographics

Gender •Female 51% •Male 49%

Ethnicity •African American 21.4%

American Indian 0.7%Asian American 0%

Hispanic American 5.5%
Caucasian 71%
"Other" 1.4%

Age

■18-36 ■Mean: 21.81, SD: 2.767 Class •Freshmen 4.8%

Sophomores16.6%Juniors 15.9%

Seniors 62.1%Nontraditional 0.7%

Disability •3 students, .02%

Athletes 12 students, .08%

(January 2007)

Students' Perspectives

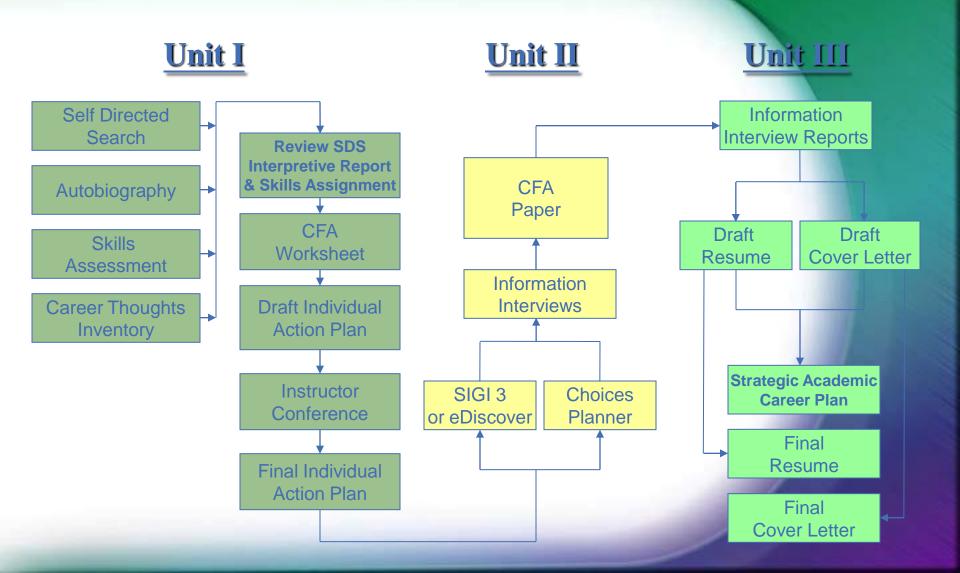


What do you think about the way the class is designed?

Instructional Design

- 12 sections/yr (28-30 students/class)
- Variable credit
- Elective course
- Instructor-student ratio = 1:7-10
- Team-taught instruction model
 - Small groups, Individual conferences
- Career Center as course lab
- Comprehensive in scope
- Theory

Sequence of Assignments



Activities

- Values Auction
- Scavenger Hunt
- Holland Party Game
- Portfolio Assignment
- Internet Job Search

- Employer Panels
- Analyze CASVE
- Organizational Culture
 Simulation
- Reframe Negative
 Thoughts

Students' Perspectives



What did you get out of this class?

Discussion and Questions

For More Information

• Syllabus:

http://www.career.fsu.edu/student/current/choo se_a_major/sds_3340/syllabus.html

- Copy of presentation materials: http://www.career.fsu.edu/techcenter
- Call (850) 644-6431 or e-mail: Beth Lulgjuraj, blulgjuraj@admin.fsu.edu
 V. Casey Dozier, vdozier@admin.fsu.edu
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